FORTY-FOURTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE VISITORS

OF THE

COUNTY ASYLUM,

STAFFORD,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,

1862.

STAFFORD:

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1863.

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Committee of Visitors.

CHAIRMAN.

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K.G.
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THE HON. H. D. RYDER.
COL. THE HON. E. R. LITTLETON.
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LIEUT.-COL. DYOTT.
LIEUT.-COL. LEVETT.
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C. HOLLAND, ESQ., M.D.

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W. H. CHETWYND. ESQ.
J. H. WEBB, ESQ.
W. T. LOCKER, ESQ.
A. E. MANLEY, ESQ.
THOMAS SALT, JUN., ESQ.,
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R. C. CHAWNER, ESQ.
R. HARGREAVES, ESQ.
C. T. S. KYNNERSLEY, ESQ.
REV. T. O. B. FLOYER.
T. E. WHITBY, ESQ.

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THE REV. THOMAS HARRISON.

Resident Medical Officer and Superintendent.

MARK NOBLE BOWER, M.D.

Assistant Medical Officer.
ROBERT A. DAVIS, M.D.

Matron.
MRS. METEYARD.

Clerk and Storekeeper.
MR. JAMES TILSTON.

Treasurers.

MESSRS. STEVENSON, SALT, WEBB, AND SALT, BANKERS, STAFFORD.

ROTA OF HOUSE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

From the 26th of December, 1862, to the 25th of March, 1863.

COL. THE HON. E. R. LITTLETON. C. HOLLAND, ESQ. M.D. LIEUT.-COL. DYOTT. W. T. LOCKER, ESQ. C. M. CAMPBELL, ESQ. E. MAYNE, ESQ.

From the 26th of March to the 25th of June, 1863.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF LICHFIELD. LIEUT.-COL. LEVETT.
H. KILLICK, ESQ.
W. H. CHETWYND, ESQ.
E. D. SCOTT, ESQ.
J. H. WEBB, ESQ.

From the 26th of June to the 25th September, 1863.

MAJOR CHETWYND.
A. E. MANLEY, ESQ.
R. C. CHAWNER, ESQ.
R. HARGREAVES, ESQ.
C. T. S. KYNNERSLEY, ESQ.
REV. T. O. B. FLOYER.

From the 26th of September to the 26th of December, 1863.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF SHREWSBURY AND TALBOT.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF HARROWBY, K.G. VISCOUNT INGESTRE, M.P.

THE HON. H. D. RYDER.

THE RIGHT HON. C. B. ADDERLEY, M.P.

T. SALT, JUN., ESQ., M.P.

T. E. WHITBY, ESQ.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS OF THE COUNTY ASYLUM, STAFFORD, PRESENTED TO THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, 5th JANUARY, 1863.

The Committee of Visitors of the County Asylum have to report to this Court, that 236 pauper lunatics have been admitted, that 156 have been discharged, and that 62 have died, during the 12 months ending December 31st, 1862, being an increase of 11 admissions, 36 discharges, and a diminution of 2 deaths, over the corresponding period in 1861.

When the last report was read to the Court, your Committee were in treaty for the removal of 40 patients to the County Asylum at Chester, the accommodation for any additional residents being impossible in your Asylum. Soon after the removal of these lunatics in the month of February, 1862, the Asylum again became crowded, and in the month of May your Committee were again compelled to transfer 20 more male patients to Haydock Lodge Retreat in Lancashire.

By these various removals 111 patients have been transferred from this County, of whom 6 have died—leaving 105 now boarded out and lodged at an annual expenditure of £3822, forming a surplus charge above the rate of maintenance in this Asylum of £1484 8s. 9d. per annum.

The limited extent of the building, and the numerous applications for admission, have rendered these removals necessary; but the uniform high rate of charge always made for patients not belonging to the county in which an Asylum is situated, have added considerably to the average cost of all those who have been admitted from the different Unions in Staffordshire.

As the charge for each lunatic boarded out is at the rate of 14s. per week—a sum considerably more than the cost in this County Asylum—your Committee were compelled in the early part of the year to increase the weekly rate, but in accordance with the 7th section of an Act of Parliament passed in the last session, called the "Lunacy Law Amendment Act," they have since been enabled to transfer one-fourth of the total charge to the County, that being the largest amount which the clause alluded to enabled them thus to dispose of.

During the year the patients have, at intervals, been visited at Chester and Haydock Lodge, and have been found in a satisfactory state.

The numbers admitted into the Asylum within the 12 months have considerably exceeded those of any former year since its opening, and, judging from the experience of past years, your Committee are unable to anticipate any reduction in the amount charged for extra maintenance, until further accommodation is provided in this County for the increasing numbers.

The recoveries since the last report have been at the rate of 62 and a large fraction per cent., a much larger average than is usually found amongst the class of insane persons treated in pauper Asylums. Throughout the 12 months since the last report, the rate of mortality has diminished, and, considering the aggravated forms of disorder in the majority of those admitted, is satisfactory.

No steps have yet been taken by Government for the removal of the criminal lunatics in your Asylum, but the Committee consider that the detention of lunatics of this class in an Asylum specially built for them would be very desirable.

In conclusion, your committee inform the Court that the Asylum throughout the year has been in an orderly and efficient state, well ventilated, and free from casualties or any disorders of an epidemic or local character, the patients clean and contented, and the officers attentive to their duties.

Signed, SHREWSBURY AND TALBOT, Chairman.



REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

Stafford County Asylum, 22nd July, 1862.

We yesterday inspected the Asylum, and saw all the patients, who are now 487 in number,—259 men and 228 women.

We also examined the different wards, airing courts, and offices.

With few exceptions the patients were quiet and orderly, and no one was restrained or secluded; restraint indeed seems never to be employed, and only two instances of seclusion are reported since our visit in October last.

In the infirmaries we found a large number of feeble and paralyzed cases, but the general health of the inmates is good, and the number of patients now under medical treatment is small.

The deaths during the last eight months amount to 39, and the causes of death call for no special remark.

We were glad to notice an improvement generally, in the dress and demeanor of the class of patients whose condition was specially adverted to in our last report, and we observed that the wards used by the disorderly patients of both sexes, presented a more comfortable

appearance. We think, however, that more may yet be accomplished in this respect, and we repeat the recommendations which have already been made on the subject. We suggest also that increased attention should be given to the excited and also to the apathetic cases, as respects their dress, exercise, occupations, &c.

We have made the usual statutory enquiries as to the performance of Divine Service, &c., and have nothing to add to our former reports on the subject. The chapel is quite filled every Sunday, and we take leave again to draw the attention of the Committee to the advantages which would be gained by the erection of a new chapel, and the conversion of the present building into a general dining and recreation room.

The employment returns show that 182 men and 144 women are usefully occupied, and all the clothing is made on the premises. By the labour of the patients sufficient vegetables are grown for the supply of the establishment. Basket-making and coir-weaving might, we think, be advantageously added to the list of occupations.

The Asylum is throughout very clean, and the bedding is of excellent quality and in the best order.

With the exception of the small court used by the more excited women, the airing grounds are well kept and planted. Our attention was directed to the insufficient size of the male airing courts for the large number of patients who use them, and we hope that it will be found practicable to enlarge these gardens by extending them as far as the walls of the Gaol.

The water-closets in several of the wards have no direct communication with the open air, and means should be adopted to secure better ventilation.

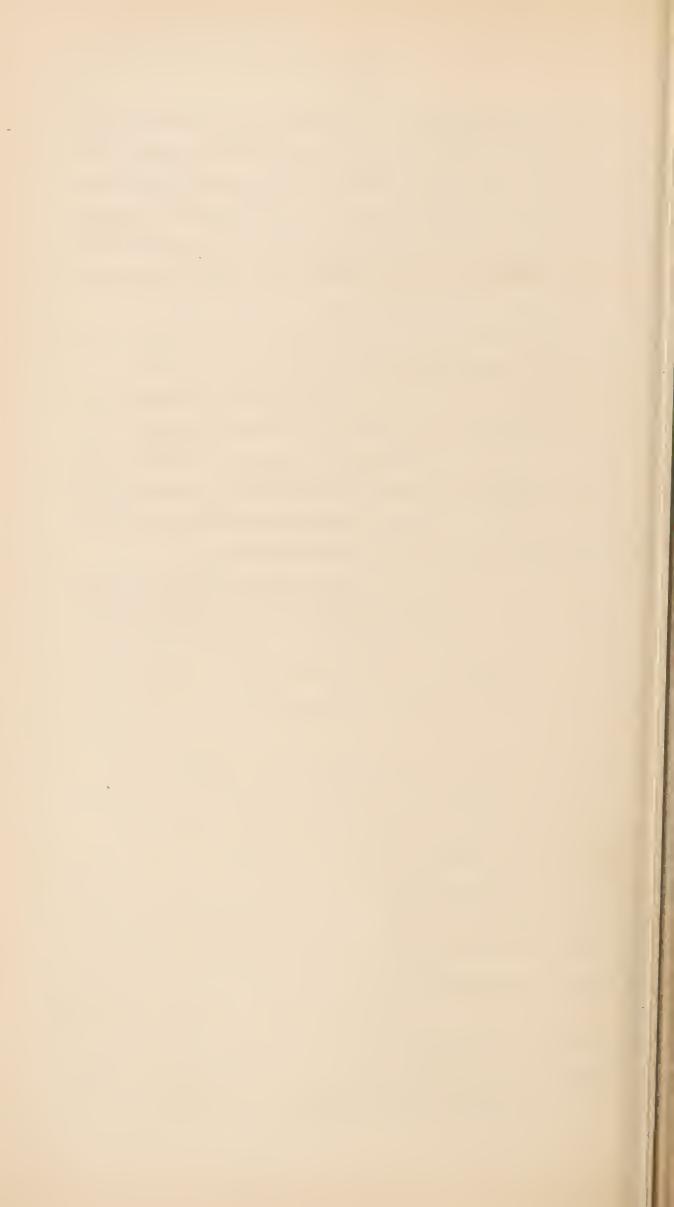
The crowding which we noticed at our last visit has been relieved, by the removal of patients to Haydock Lodge and the County Asylum at Chester, and there are now 67 men at Haydock and 40 women Chester, making the total number of patients chargeable to the county 594.

The following changes have taken place since our last visit:—

Admitted	193
Discharged, Recovered	116
Died	39
Transferred to Chester	41
,, Haydock	20

In conclusion we have to state that we consider the general condition of the Institution creditable to the Medical Officers and their subordinates.

W. G. CAMPBELL, Commissioners J. GASKELL. in Lunacy.



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

My Lords and Gentlemen, THE diminution in the number of lunatics resident Numbers. in the Asylum at the close of the past year, might at first view lead to the conclusion that at length insanity in this county was not increasing, but a

unfortunately shows that such is not the case.

careful enquiry into the cause of this falling off

Before the Lunacy Law Amendment Act came into force in the month of March of the past year, by which all lunatics belonging to parishes are made chargeable to the common fund of unions, the applications for admission far exceeded those of any former period, but since that time a considerable diminution has taken place, whilst an increase more than equivalent will be found in the number of those detained in the different union workhouses.

Although the action of this law has been to keep back the numbers, still it appears from the tables published in this Report that 11 more were admitted in 1862 than in the year preceding; the numbers being 236, against 225 in 1861.

In most County Asylums more females than males State on are admitted, but as usual in this Asylum a larger number of males have been brought, the numbers being 135 males and 101 females: generally the

males are admitted in a more exhausted and hopeless state—more deplorable in appearance, and less amenable to treatment than the other sex, in consequence of the morbid and organic changes which are almost invariably found to have taken place in the former either in the brain or other vital organs from hard living or intemperance.

Necessity for early treatment.

Unless insanity is treated in the very early stages, it is almost hopeless to expect recovery; whilst the great reluctance both on the part of the friends of patients and the authorities responsible for sending them to Asylums, greatly aggravates the disease, and tends to augment the number of chronic cases always found resident.

General Paralysis. Reference to Table 9, appended to this Report, shews the bodily condition at the time of admission, and from it it appears that 27 cases of insanity, combined with general paralysis, became inmates during the twelve months ending December 31, 1862.

This disease, at all periods of its course incurable, may be retarded for a time if seen in its very early stage; but there is scarcely a single instance where a person suffering under it has been brought for admission until this stage was past, and the disease had assumed a state where life could only be calculated upon for a few months or even weeks.

Although this disease is scarcely known beyond the walls of Asylums, and although it is only in medical works of recent date that it is even mentioned, still the signs, however slight, are so certain, that there is no possibility of mistaking it, even on the most cursory view.

At first the indications create little alarm, but day by day fresh symptoms, so well known to all connected with the treatment of the insane, develop themselves, until at last the mental faculties become implicated with a disease at first solely bodily—the powers of the mind as well as of the body become paralyzed—the vital energies destroyed—and death affords sooner or later a happy relief to the sufferings of the patient.

The Asylum has as usual been singularly free from Absence of any disorders of a local or epidemic nature; fevers demic Disease. are unknown in the establishment, and diseases depending upon moist and relaxing temperature have been scarce.

Where complaints, such as consumption, diseases of the heart, or of any of the viscera, become developed, it has always been found that the germs of the disease have existed in a latent state previous to admission, and have arisen either from hereditary predisposition or from some cause quite unconnected with a residence here.

During the earlier months of 1862 the deaths in Mortality. the Asylum were happily few and far between, being considerably less in amount than in former years: at the same time the Infirmaries became crowded, especially during the summer months, with daily accumulating cases of an incurable nature, the majority consisting chiefly of paralysis in its various forms, or other diseases of the brain and nervous system.

By generous diet, and careful and incessant nursing, life was prolonged in most of these until the disease had run its invariable course, or until the diminished temperature of the season hastened the fatal termination.

As a natural consequence of these causes, the deaths during the last two months of the year became more numerous; yet even with such potent reasons for a large mortality, the numbers have not reached those of the preceding year, the per-centage of deaths being 8.19 on the total numbers under treatment.

Recoveries.

Since the last report the amount of recoveries has happily been great, forming a total of 148 in twelve months, and constituting an average of 62\frac{3}{4} per cent. on the admissions for the same period. Besides those recovered, 8 have been discharged relieved, whilst 17 have returned back to the Asylum, the original causes of the insanity being found, in all these cases sent back, to have operated and produced relapse.

The above number of recoveries shews, in a satisfactory and gratifying manner, that the improved moral treatment of non-restraint, now believed to be almost universal, modifies in an extraordinary degree the most alarming and dangerous aspects of the insane, and tends largely to hasten their cure.

Although the moral and intellectual faculties are either changed, more or less perverted, or even lost for a time in persons affected with insanity, yet it is found that their mental powers are still susceptible of great improvement, and that they are even capable of appreciating, and behaving in accordance with, kindness and gentle treatment.

No instance of punishment, or even of seclusion,

has taken place during the past year, and the cheerful aspect of the patients, together with their willing and contented behaviour, fully confirm the beneficial result of this improved mode of treatment.

Constant occupation,—or where from mental incapacity or bodily debility such is precluded,—constant amusement, forms a most important feature in the treatment. By diverting the mind from its gloomy or morbid delusions, and by creating or encouraging feelings of a more pleasing and cheerful character, favourable changes frequently take place in the form and severity of the disorder, and recoveries are effected in cases apparently hopeless and where least anticipated.

Fully impressed with the importance of such Occupations

agents in treating lunatics, the system of employ-ments.

ment (whether profitable or not being of secondary importance) and of amusements, have been carried out to a large extent. Music, dancing, exhibitions of various kinds by the Asylum staff, out-door games—such as cricket, football, ball-playing, and various other games adapted to the capacity of the patients—have been in constant requisition; although many of these sources of amusement have been carried out under difficulties for want of a room capable of holding sufficient audiences, still the good effected has been most marked, and an

In the report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, at their last visit, reference was again made to the necessity for the erection of a recreation hall. As a plan is now under the consideration of your Com-

aspect of content and cheerfulness effected, hitherto

unknown within the Asylum.

mittee for a large hall, which would be capable of accommodating 350 persons with safety, in a situation convenient of access from all parts of the building, and approachable under cover, it is greatly to be hoped that the boon of such a room may be at length granted for the use of this large establishment. Besides the great advantages which would result to the patients from access to such a room, where the restorative effects of amusement upon the mind could be adequately carried out, it might, if required at any time, also be used as a large dining room for many of the patients or servants employed in the Asylum, or for other purposes, if thought fit.

By reference to Table 19, it will be seen that an average of 322 lunatics have been daily employed, either at different trades or in cultivating the land: but few are capable of working at any remunerative trade or occupation for any length of time, and of those few some only at intervals,—the fits of idleness not being few or far between; still the expenses for maintenance are diminished by their labour, and their mental and bodily capacities strengthened and improved.

Attendance at School and Chapel. The attendances at school have continued quite equal to former years, and although no remarkable instances of improvement have occurred—a result perhaps little to be expected, considering the class from which the pupils come, and the diseased state of their intellects—nevertheless the attendance at punctual times, and the orderly habits enforced in school, have a tranquillizing effect, and assist in giving a healthy tone to the minds of those attending, and enables those who do recover to leave with

some slight rudiments of useful knowldge;—a consummation devoutly to be wished for, when the large amount of perfectly illiterate and totally uneducated persons brought for treatment is taken into consideration.

The services in the chapel during the year have been carried on with great regularity and attention, and the numerous attendances during Divine worship, as seen by Table 19, shew in a marked degree the great appreciation of the beneficial exertions of your worthy and esteemed Chaplain.

The establishment has happily been again free Conduct of from casualties, sudden deaths, or any occurrences Officers and Servants. requiring comment or investigation. The behaviour of all the officers, attendants, and servants has been most satisfactory, whilst the cheerful and willing manner in which they have assisted in contributing to the comforts of the patients and the system of amusements carried out, has materially lessened the difficulties and diminished the responsibilities of the management of the Asylum.

> I am, my Lords and Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant,

> > MARK NOBLE BOWER.

January 5, 1863.

	Males.	Females	Total.	al.
Patients in the Asylum December 31st, 1861	274	244	518	757
Admitted during the year 1862.	135	101	236	¥0.7 {
Discharged recovered	70	78	148	
Ditto relieved	∞		00	
Ditto removed to Haydock Lodge	20	:	20	279
Ditto removed to Chester Asylum.	21	20	41	
Died	42	20	62	_
Remaining in the Asylum December 31st, 1862	248	227	475	
* Ditto at Haydock Lodge ditto	47	18	65	280
* Ditto at Chester Asylum	20	20	40	
State, as to the probability of recovery of Curable	22	33	55	1
the numbers resident Dec. 31, 1862 Incurable	226	194	420) 4.10
Average number throughout the Year on the Books, including those at other Asylums	•	:	:	586
Re-admissions on those discharged in 1862	12	5	17	

* Three of the Patients sent to other Asylums have died within the year.

FORM OF DISORDER.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Acute Mania	44	26	70
Ordinary Mania	24	17	41
Recurrent Mania	1	2	3
Puerperal Mania	• • •	15	15
Dipsomania	2	2	4
Epileptic Mania	16	3	19
Suicidal Mania	• • •	1	1
Imbecility	14	11	25
Senile Imbecility	3	1	4
Imbecility with Epilepsy	1	• • •	1
Dementia	26	9	35
Idiocy	• • •	2	2
Melancholia	4	12	16
	135	101	236

DURATION OF DISORDER ON ADMISSION.

	Males.	Females	Total.
One week	28	13	41
Two months	51	44	95
Four months	17	5	22
Twelve months	14	19	33
Two years	4	8	12
More than two years	13	5	18
Congenital	1	4	5
Not ascertained	7	3	10
	135	101	236

IV.

STATE OF HEALTH ON ADMISSION.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Suffering from exhaustion and impaired health	121	87	208
In good health	14	14	28
	135	101	236

v.
NUMBER OF ATTACKS.

	Males.	Females	Total.
First attack	102	77	179
More than one attack	26	22	48
Not ascertained	7	2	9
·	135	101	236

SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS CONDITION.

		Males.	Females	Total.
Ma	arried	64	52	116
Sin	ngle	59	27	86
Wi	idowed	10	20	30
No	et ascertained	2	2	4
		135	101	236
Est	tablished Church	81	60	141
Ro	man Catholics	6	12	18
Di	ssenters	39	25	64
No	ot ascertained	9	4	13
		135	101	236

VII.
AMOUNT OF EDUCATION.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Able to read and write	72	45	117
Able to read only	34	29	- 63
Totally uneducated	26	24	50
Not ascertained	3	3	6
	135	101	236

AGE OF PATIENTS ON ADMISSION.

						Females	Total.
From	5	to	15	years	1	•••	1
"	15	to	25	,,	23	12	35
"	25	to	35	,,	31	23	54
,,	35	to	50	,,	49	34	83
,,	50	to	60	,,	18	16	34
"	60	to	70	,,	11	11	22
,,	70	to	80	,,	2	2	4
"	80	to	90	,,	• • •	2	2
,,	90	to	100	,,	• • •	1	1
					135	101	236

BODILY DISEASE OR CONDITION ON ADMISSION.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Anœmia	• • •	1	1.
" with Hysteria	• • •	1	1
Amenorrhœa	•••	1	1
Bronchocele	• • •	3	3
Bronchitis, Chronic	5	2	7
,, Chronic, and Disease of Heart	1	• • •	1
Disease of Brain	25	6	31
,, of Heart	2	• • •	2
" and Bronchocele …	•••	ĺ	1
,, of Liver	1		1
Epilepsy	25	9	34
Eczema Impetiginodes		1	1
Gonorrhœa	1		1
Good health and condition	13	15	28
Hysteria		2	2
Old Age	7	12	19
Paralysis, General	21	6	27
,, Agitans		1	1
Puerperal Disease		10	10
Phthisis Pulmonalis	6	1	7
Prolapsus Uteri, Leucorrhæa and			
Hernia		1	1
Reduced Condition	28	26	54
Struma		2	2
	135	101	236

CAUSE OF DISORDER.

x.

	<u> </u>	1	1
	Males.	Females	Total.
Anxiety and Grief	13	4	17
Intemperance	39	10	49
Congenital Defect	9	4	13
Hereditary Predisposition	10	30	40
Poverty and Privation	22	12	34
Disease of Brain	13	6	19
Ill Treatment	• • •	1	1
Other Bodily Diseases	7	8	15
Puerperal Disease	• • •	14	14
Old Age and Natural Decay	3	3	6
Profligacy	• • •	1	1
Epilepsy	16	6	22
Fright	1	1	2
Sun Stroke	1	• • •	1
Not ascertained	1	1	2
	135	101	236

XI.
CAUSE OF DEATH.

				Males.	Females	Total.
Disease	of Br	rain and	d Exhaustion	1	1	2
,,	"	"	• • •	1	1	
"	,,	"	Paralysis	5	1	6
"	"	"	Lungs	• • •	1	1
"	"	"	Anœmia	• • •	1	1
"	"	"	Convulsions	3	2	5
"	??	"	Heart & Liver	•••	1	1
Genera	l Para	lysis		21	1	22
Disease	of He	eart		1	1	2
Acute	Mania	and E	xhaustion	1	• • •	1
Phthisi	s Pulr	nonalis		1	2	3
Exhaus	tion a	fter Ac	ute Mania	2	3	5
Epileps	y	• • • • • • •		1	• • •	1
"	and (Convul	sions	• • •	1	1
"	and S	Spinal	Disease	• • •	1	1
,,	and (Congest	tion	2	• • •	2
Apoplexy				•••	1	1
Chronic Bronchitis, and Asthma					• • •	1
Natura	l Deca	у		3	2	5
				42	20	62

AGE OF THOSE WHO HAVE DIED DURING THE TWELVE MONTHS.

						Males.	Females	Total.
From	15 t	to 2ϵ	5 year		• • • • • •	1	3	4
,,	25 t	to 3	5 ,,	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	4	2	6
,,				• • • • • • • • •		25	7	32
,,	50 t	to 6	0 ,,		• • • • • •	6	1	7
	60 t	to 7	0 ,,	• • • • • • • • • •		4	4	8
1	70 t	to 8	0 ,,	•••••	• • • • • •	2	3	5
						42	20	62

XIII.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE OF THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED OR HAVE DIED DURING THE YEAR.

	DIS	SCHARG	ES.		DEATHS	S.
	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
1 Week	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	1	3
2 Weeks	• • •	1	1	3	• • •	3
1 Month	7	7	14	5	3	8
2 Months	20	11	31	2	3	5
4 Months	17	16	33	2	4	6
8 Months	13	18	31	8	3	11
12 Months	8	9	17	9	• • •	9
2 Years	9	5	14	7	3	10
3 Years	2	7	9	3	1	4
4 Years	• • •	2	2	• • •	1	1
5 Years	1	• • •	1	• • •		• • •
7 Years	1	1	2	•••	1	1
10 Years, & above}	* • •	1	1	1	•••	1
	78	78	156	42	20	62

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XIV.

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Total.	157	9	14	10	ಣ	9	-		13	ବା	_		-	77	,		10	_	က	-			236
Males. Females	71	_	6	-	:	:	:	_	13	31	-	1	-	:	•	•	:	•	:		•		101
Males.	98	70	ب	6	က	9	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	અ	7	-	10		က	П	H		135
	Brought forward	Nailors	No Occupation	Potters	Puddlers	Plumbers and Glaziers	Publican	Ribbon Weaver	Servants	Silk Winders	Sempstress	Schoolmistress	Shoe Binder	Stokers	Sawyer	Soldier	Shoemakers	Tailor	Writing Clerks	Wheelwright	Yeast Dealer		
Total.	35	ଷ	-	-	П	63	beet	-	52	11	81	-	1	1	1	31	1	1	1	00	-		157
Females	4	:	•	:	•	:	:	:	52	11	•	7	:	•	7	•	1	1		•	•	:	71
Males.	31	67	7		_	ଷ	1	7	:	· :	83	:	—	П	•	31	, :	:	1	œ	1	1	98
	Brought forward	Farmers	Front Turner	Forgeman	Greengrocer	Gardeners	Grocer	Herb Gatherer	Housewives	Household Workers	Frame Makers	Hawker	Iron Caster	Locksmith	Laundress	Labourers	Musician	Midwife	Mould Thrower	Miners	Miller	Maltster	Carried forward
Total.		-	7	-	23	-		-		က	ଧ		-	сı	લ	7	1	20	ତା	1	က	67	35
Females		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	٦	က	:	4
Males.		1	Г	1	63	1	1	1	1	က	23	1	7	ণ	ଷ		1	ಸ್	ଷ	:	:	01	31
		Architect	Awl Blade Maker	Banksman	Braziers	Brush Maker	Bookbinder	Billiard Marker	Boatman	Blacksmiths	Bricklayers	Butcher	Barber	Carpenters	Coopers	Charter Master	Coach Builder	Colliers	Comedians	Cook	Dressmakers	Engineers	Carried forward

MENTAL AND BODILY CONDITION OF THOSE REMAINING IN THE ASYLUM ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1862.

<u> </u>			
	Males.	Females	Total.
Acute Mania	5	7	12
Chronic Mania	79	80	159
Ordinary Mania	26	29	55
Ordinary Mania, with General } Paralysis	5	1	6
Ordinary Mania, with Paralysis	4	• • •	4
Ordinary Mania, with Disease of Brain	11	1	12
Dipsomania	2	1	3
Monomania	1	1	2
Epileptic Mania	16	14	30
Puerperal Mania	• • •	7	7
Dementia	3	7	10
" with General Paralysis	13	1	14
,, with Disease of Brain	10	5	15
" with Paralysis Agitans	• • •	1	1
Melancholia	8	13	21
Idiocy	2	5	7
,, with Epilepsy	1	• • •	1
Imbecility, Senile	9	5	14
Imbecility	26	19	45
,, with Epilepsy	24	28	52
,, with General Paralysis	3	1	4
" with Hemiplegia	• • •	1	1
	248	227	475

D IN H.	Total.	2	67	2	67	4	5	က	က	4	9	10	6	•	62
Numbers Died in each Month.	Females	23	H	63	H	63	က	က	-	_	63	-	-	•	20
Num	Males.	5	, 	ð	,I	67	67	•	67	ಣ	4	6	∞,	•	42
ARGED	Total.	9		14	13	24	13	11	18	15	14	11	4	61	217
Numbers Discharged in each Month.	Females	4	9	7	5	18	5	4	6	9	6	4	,	20	86
NUMBEI IN E	Males.	2	2	7	00	9	00	7	6	o	5	1	က	41	119
	Total.	18	24	29	24	28	24		91	17	16	15	14	:	236
•	Females	6	12	12	<u></u>	11	13	ũ	ũ	%	10	ಣ	9	:	101
I Month.	Males.	6	12	17	17	17	11	9	11	6	9	12	8	•	135
NUMBERS ADMITTED IN EACH MONT		Lanuary	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Transferred to other Asylums	

XVII.

GENERAL STATEMENT OF ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS, SINCE THE OPENING OF THE INSTITUTION.

1	Ī	Disch	narged.		l bo			e e	
Year.	Number of Admissions.	Recovered.	Relieved and on Trial.	Died.	Number remaining 31st December.	Average Number Resident.	Per Centage of Recoveries on Admissions.	Per Centage of Deaths on Average number resident.	Per Centage of Deaths on Total Number under Treatment.
1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 1824 1825 1826 1827 1828 1829 1830 1831 1832 1833 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859	121 94 85 92 104 103 126 111 108 153 123 135 121 128 121 133 116 112 133 118 107 139 121 128 122 53 59 68 49 57 179 166 172 165 174 172 203 205 222	36 32 36 46 45 41 55 69 38 57 65 63 55 55 67 51 66 46 52 51 34 46 55 85 61 48 24 30 33 31 66 70 91 97 100 101 116	16 22 39 22 25 33 32 30 42 40 52 28 39 43 42 45 35 39 26 22 38 32 26 48 28 31 11 14 18 11 7 12 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	8 10 12 9 14 15 27 19 17 23 29 34 24 18 19 31 25 38 26 35 34 33 36 25 33 34 18 17 21 11 19 31 21 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	61 91 89 104 124 138 150 143 154 187 164 177 189 183 201 197 200 213 239 245 238 235 247 250 258 260 258 260 258 261 349 400 399 384 406 410 427 459 480	57 80 83 94 114 134 150 151 166 180 172 179 182 189 193 197 203 202 209 233 245 244 232 234 242 250 260 258 254 248 250 303 375 405 386 398 412 420 448 471	29.75 34. 4 42.35 50. 0 43.26 39.80 43.65 62.16 35.18 37.25 52.84 46.66 45.45 42.96 55.37 38.34 56.25 40.70 44.82 45.53 25.56 38.98 51.59 41.72 46.28 47.65 39.34 45.28 50.84 45.28 50.84 45.28 50.84 45.28 50.84 45.28 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.84 50.85 50.84 50.85 50.84 50.85 50.84 50.85	14. 3 12.50 14.45 9.57 12.28 11.19 18. 0 12.66 11.25 13.85 16.11 19.76 13.40 9.89 9.52 9.84 15.73 12.31 18.81 12.44 15. 2 13.87 13.52 15.51 10.68 13.60 6.92 6.58 8.26 4.47 7.60 12.54 8.26 14.32 13.73 12.81 16.26 17.61 13.83 14.86	6.61 6.45 6.81 4.97 6.73 6.60 10.22 7.27 6.77 7.49 9.35 11.37 8.13 5.90 5.83 6. 1 9.42 8. 6 12. 2 8.83 10.11 9.52 9.37 9.54 7. 2 8.80 9.13 5.78 5.32 6.48 3.65 6.27 8.63 6.1 10.13 9.39 9.13 11.59 12. 7 9.61 10.27
1860 1861 1862	250 225 236	108 109 148	13 61 69	82 64 62	527 518 475	513 509 492	43.20 48.44 62.70	15.95 12.57 12.60	11.23 8.51 8.22
Total	5850	2674	1257	1444		11167	45.70	12.93	8.19

ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS, FOR DECENNIAL PERIODS. XVIII.

1		I			
3	Per Centage of Deaths on Total Number under Treatment.	7.7	8.3	7.1	8.6
3	Fer Centage of Deaths on Average Number Resident.	14.27	13.18	9.99	14.18
	Per Centage of Recoveries on Admis- sions.	45.26	42.76	45.84	47. 1
	Died.	199	268	247	586
Discharged.	Relieved and on Trial.	343	361	526	159
Disch	Recovered.	515	523	`414	897
	Number of Admissions.	1140	1223	903	1908
	Number Resident.	1394	2032	2472	4132
	Decennial Period.	$\begin{cases} 1821 \\ \text{to} \\ 1830 \end{cases}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 1831 \\ \text{to} \\ 1840 \end{vmatrix}$	$1841 \atop \text{to} \atop 1850 $	$\begin{vmatrix} 1851 \\ \text{to} \\ 1860 \end{vmatrix}$

XIX.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS EMPLOYED, AND OF THOSE ATTENDING CHAPEL AND SCHOOL.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Numbers employed daily	180	152	332
" attending Chapel each Service	176	154	330
" attending School each time	58	40	98

AVERAGE CHARGE PER HEAD, PER WEEK,
FOR THE YEAR 1862.

S. D.
March Quarter 10 . 6
June Quarter 10 . 6
September Quarter 8 . 6
December Quarter 9 . 4
4)38 .10
*Average for the Year $9 \cdot 8\frac{1}{2}$
* The difference between average cost and charge arises from transfer and boarding out of patients.

XXI.

AVERAGE COST PER HEAD, PER WEEK,

(UNDER THE DIFFERENT HEADS OF EXPENDITURE,)

FOR THE YEAR 1862, FOR PATIENTS IN COUNTY ASYLUM.

	S. D.	
Salaries and Wages	1 .10	$\begin{array}{c} 12904 \\ \hline 25616 \end{array}$
Provisions	$4.4\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ \hline 2 & 5 & 6 & 1 & 6 \end{array}$
Wine and Spirits	0.1	$\begin{array}{c c} 4&6&7&2\\ \hline 2&5&6&1&6 \end{array}$
Necessaries	$0.8\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} \underline{12136} \\ \underline{25616} \end{array}$
Surgery and Dispensary	$0.0\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23880 \\ \hline 25616 \end{array}$
Clothing	$0.6\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 1 & 6 & 2 \\ \hline 2 & 5 & 6 & 1 & 6 \end{array}$
Furniture, Bedding, &c	0.5	$\begin{array}{c} 16142 \\ \hline 25616 \end{array}$
Garden and Farm	0.4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Other Expenses (Miscellaneous)	$0.1\frac{3}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 2 & 8 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 & 6 & 1 & 6 \end{array}$
Average for the Year	$8.6\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1588}{25616}$

XXII.

AMOUNT OF POPULATION AND NUMBER OF LUNATICS CHARGEABLE TO UNIONS.

20,061,725	769,541	361	580	1 in 817	1 in 561	35,750
Population of England and Wales	, of Staffordshire	Number of Pauper Lunatics in Unions, or with friends throughout Staffordshire	", on the books of the Stafford County Asylum	Ratio of Pauper Lunatics to population in Staffordshire	", in England and Wales	Total amount of Lunatics in England and Wales

_	100										
	ES.	Tea with Milk and Sugar.	pt.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	~
	FEMALES.	Butter.	oz.	-401	-400	-401	~407	-409	-403	~ 403	55 1453
	FE	Bread.	oz.	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	42
	š	Beer.	pt.	w4	w14	w\4	1014	534	w/4	w4	54
	MALES.	Cheese.	oz.	27	2	2	2	2	2	81	14
	M	Bread.	oz.	∞	σ	000	000	∞	∞	∞	56
-		L cerunice.					ZIOI1	21201			
		Other Vegetables.		at	ano	рәл	t ser	nd t	gped Sped	isw t	oN
		Potatoes.	e.	₩ 14	:	:	w4	:	w14	:	24
	s,	Rice or other Puddings.	oz.	:	8	<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	∞	:	:	16
	ALE	Meat Pie.	0Z.	:	:	10	:	:	:	10	20
	FEMALES.	·dnos	pt.	:	-	:	:	1	:	:	73
	H	Beer.	pt.	401	401	-de1	401	⊸ ¢03	-4c3	⊢ (c4	ರು 1484
	1	Bread.	0Z.	9	4	8	9	4	9	ಣ	32
	I	Cooked Meat free from bone.	oz.	53	:	:	2	:	5	:	15
	MALES.	Not weighed but served out at Other discretion. Vegetables.									
		Potatoes.	1b.	46	:	Per.	w4	iiq p	w4	om ;	14 14
		-sgaibbud	oz. 1	:	10			10	:	:	20
		Meat Pie. Rice or other	0Z.			14	:		:	14	28
		·dnos	pt.	:				-			12
	P	Beer.	pt.	w14	1014	w4	ω/4	634	w4	w(4	51
		Bread.	oz. p	9	9	က	9	9	9	က	36
		free from bone.	0 Z.	9	:	:	9	:	9	:	18
1		Cooked Meat	0		M	•					
	ES.	Butter.	oz.	-401	-401	-107	-401	-401	-401	-401	31
	MAL	Bread.	0Z.	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	42
	FE	Cocoa with Milk and Sugar.	pt.	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	7
-	ES.	Bread.	0Z.	∞	8	8	8	00	_∞	8	56
1	MALES. FEMALES	Cocoa with Milk and Sugar.	pt.	-	-		-	-	-	-	1-
		11,36 17,35 555)		:	:	:	7	:		:	1
							DA	XX		IX	HK,
				X	4 X	AY	ESI	DA	Υ	DA	AL
				DA	ID.	UESDAY	S	rrs	DA	UR	TOTAL WEEKLY AMOUNT
				SUNDAY	MONDAY	UE	WEDNESDAY	FHURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	W A M
				S	2		→		1	V2	

* T T T T O 2

EXTRAS.

Full Diet, consisting of 6 ounces of meat, with ale, wine, or brandy, in cases of illness or debility. TO WORKING PATIENTS.—Bread, cheese, beer, and tobacco, as indulgences.

Females, 24 ounces, cooked and free from bone. TOTAL AMOUNT OF MEAT CONSUMED BY EACH PATIENT WEEKLY. Males, 30 ounces, cooked and free from bone.

TO MAKE SOUP FOR 100 PATIENTS.

The liquor in which the meat of the previous day has been boiled, 12½ pounds of meat, consisting of legs and shins of beef, 1½ pound of rice, 3 pounds of onions, 3 pounds of leeks, 6 ounces of salt, 2 ounces of pepper, 3½ quarts of peas, with herbs, &c., consisting of carrots, turnips, cabbage, celery, parsley, and parsnips, according to the season, and sufficient water to make 100 pints.

9 pounds and 6 ounces of cocoa, 6 pounds and 4 ounces of sugar, 9 quarts of milk, and sufficient water to make 200 pints. TO MAKE COCOA FOR 200 PATIENTS.

GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT,

For the year ending December 31st, 1862.

Dr.			
£ s.	d. £	s	. d.
Stock on hand 1st January, 1862:—			
Cows, Calves, and Pigs 377 9	0		
Straw and Hay 265 0	0		
Mangold Wurtzels 44 15	9		
Implements 90 0	0		
	- 777	4	9
By Cash paid for Cows, Pigs, &c	68	18	6
" Food for Stock	223	3	$3\frac{1}{2}$
" Rent, Rates, and Taxes	. 166	18	$11\frac{1}{2}$
" Seeds, Plants, &c	. 64	12	$11\frac{1}{2}$
,, ,, Cartage, Manure, and Straw.	. 157	13	11
" " Implements and Repairs	. 55	5	6
" Gardener's Wages	. 52	0	0
Grains and Pig-wash from House	. 60	0	0
Pig Potatoes as per Contra	. 27	6	0
	1653	3	101
Balance carried to Maintenance Account	516	10	10½
	£2169	14	9

GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT,

For the year ending December 31st, 1862.

Cr.						
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Stock on hand 31st December, 1862	:					
Cows, Calves, and Pigs	402	3	9			
Straw and Hay	225	10	0			
Mangold Wurtzels	27	15	0			
Poultry and Donkey	6	15	0			
Implements	80	0	0			
				742	3	9
Produce.						
Hay @ £3 10s. per ton	192	10	0			
Mangold Wurtzels, @ 15s. per ton,	Carr	ots,	and			
Parsnips		• • • • •		38	2	0
Milk to Household, @ 2d. per quart	t	• • • • •		365	1	0
Pigs to ditto				278	15	6
Eggs to ditto		• • • •		13	1	0
Onions, Cabbage, Fruit, &c., to ditt					10	0
Potatoes to ditto		• • • •	• • • • •	. 191	11	6
Ditto to Pigs	• • • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	. 27	6	0
By SALE.						
Cows, Calves, Pigs	• • • • • •			. 60	1	6
Potatoes	• • • • • •		• • • • •	. 157	7	6
Eggs	• • • • • •		• • • • •	. 7	5	0
			-			
				£2169	14	9

GENERAL CASH ACCOUNT.

EXPENDITURE.

-1

	∞		14								ಣ	
	3368 8		15994 14								£19363 3	
By Balance due to Treasurers 1st Jan.,	1862	By the Year's Expenditure, as specified	on the next page)							.,	
s. d.			4	10		10		9		<u></u>		
v.			4	70		II		4		16	ಣ	
H			15175 4 4	417 5 10		1125 11 10		480 4		2164 16 7	£19363 3	
	For Care, Maintenance, Clothing, Re-im-	bursements for Funerals, and other	Expenses of Patients	For Sale of Farm Stock, Barm, &c	From County Treasurer, for Building,	Repairs, &c	Dittofor one-fourth	of Maintenance at other Asylums	*To Balance due to Treasurers Dec. 31st,	1862	78	

9th February, 1863, Examined and found correct,

W. F. CHETWYND, AUDITORS. J. H. WEBB,

* Due from Unions, £3501 14s. 11d.

ABSTRACT OF THE YEAR'S EXPENDITURE.

	£	s.	d.
Bread, 1366414 stones	1344	6	6
Butter, 1815 pounds	96	8	11
Candles, Lamp Oil, and Gas	194	18	8
Cheese, 119 cwt. 3 qrs	345	16	5
Coal and Coke, 1229 tons 12 cwt. 1 qr	599	1	10
Clothing	696	0	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Cocoa, Coffee, Currants, and Raisins	213	13	0
Expenses in the Grounds, Gardens, and Farm	479	16	4
Eggs, Fish, and Poultry	13	19	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Flour, 1440 stones	154	9	0
Furniture, Linen, and Bedding	521	18	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Funeral Expenses (repaid by Unions)	77	1	0
Meat, 77694 pounds	2001	19	3
Medicines, &c	78	4	10
Malt, Hops, &c.	1043	4	11
Mops, Brooms, &c.	48	8	10
Oatmeal, Peas, &c	29	19	6
Rates and Taxes	50	4	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Rent of Land, £108; Tithe, £8 14s. 11d	116	14	11
Rice, &c	22	10	0
Salt, Pepper, &c	37	18	5
Salaries, Wages, and occasional Hire	2361	11	6
Soap, Starch, Blue, &c	125	17	0
Stationery, Printing, &c	146	13	0
Straw for Cattle	89	17	10
Sugar, 12340 pounds	247	2	6
Tea, 861 pounds	135	7	0
Tobacco and Snuff	74	15	8
Wine and Spirits	111	12	0
Workmen's Bills for Repairs, &c., £956 19s. 3d.)			
Furniture for New Building £150 0s. 7d.	1125	11	10
Insurance			
Transfer and Boarding-out of Patients	3406	5	9
Incidentals	3	6	0
£	15994	14	6

